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Item Sampler

Tennessee End of Course Assessment Algebra II Form 2

Reporting Category 2: Number and Operations

PEARSON

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Algebra II Reference Page

Trigonometric Functions

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r}, \quad \csc \theta = \frac{r}{y}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r}, \quad \sec \theta = \frac{r}{x}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}, \quad \cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

Logarithm Properties

$$\log_b MN = \log_b M + \log_b N$$

$$\log_b \left(\frac{M}{N}\right) = \log_b M - \log_b N$$

$$\log_b M^p = p \log_b M$$

$$\log_b x = y \Leftrightarrow x = b^y$$

Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences and Series

$$a_1 = 1^{st}$$
 term $r =$ common ratio $d =$ common difference $a_n = n^{th}$ term $n =$ number of terms in series

Arithmetic Sequence:
$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$
 Geometric Sequence: $a_n = a_1r^{n-1}$

Sum of a Finite Arithmetic Series:
$$S_n = \frac{n(a_1 + a_n)}{2}$$
 or $S_n = \frac{1}{2}n[2a_1 + (n-1)d]$

Sum of a Finite Geometric Series:
$$S_n = \frac{a_1(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$
, $r \neq 1$

Sum of an Infinite Geometric Series:
$$S = \frac{a_1}{1-r}$$
 where $|r| < 1$

Combinations

$$_{n}C_{r}=\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$$

Permutations

$$_{n}P_{r}=\frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

Binomial Theorem

$$(a+b)^n = \sum_{r=0}^n \binom{n}{r} a^{n-r} b^r$$

Quadratic Formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$
$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Interest Formulas

Compound interest:
$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$
 $P = \text{pres}_{n}$

Continuous compound interest:
$$A = Pe^{rt}$$

$$A = future value$$

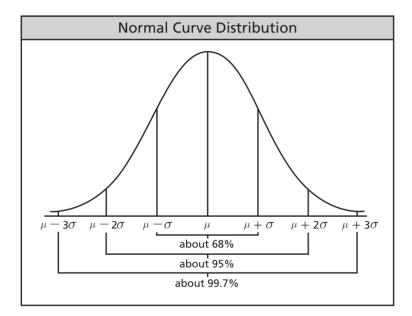
$$r =$$
 annual interest rate

$$t =$$
time in years

$$n =$$
 frequency of compounding per year

Algebra II Reference Page

Conic Sections – Standard Equations	
Parabola	$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$ or $x = a(y-k)^2 + h$ $(y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h)$ or $(x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k)$
Circle	$(x-h)^2+(y-k)^2=r^2$
Ellipse	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$ or $\frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} = 1$
Hyperbola	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$ or $\frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} = 1$



Standard Deviation

The standard deviation, σ , for values $x_1, x_2, x_3, \ldots, x_n$ with mean μ is determined by the following:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\left(x_1 - \mu\right)^2 + \left(x_2 - \mu\right)^2 + \ldots + \left(x_n - \mu\right)^2}{n}}$$

Probability Formulas

Exclusive
$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B)$$

Inclusive
$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

Independent
$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$$

Dependent
$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A)$$

Conditional
$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(A)}$$

Algebra II Reference Page

Cramer's Rule for Solving a System of Linear Equations

For a 2×2 System:

$$a_1x + b_1y = c_1$$
$$a_2x + b_2y = c_2$$

$$x = \begin{vmatrix} c_1 & b_1 \\ c_2 & b_2 \\ a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$x = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} c_1 & b_1 \\ c_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}} \qquad y = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & c_2 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}}$$

For a 3×3 System:

$$a_1x + b_1y + c_1z = d_1$$

 $a_2x + b_2y + c_2z = d_2$
 $a_3x + b_3y + c_3z = d_3$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ d_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ d_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{vmatrix} d_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ d_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ d_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

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$$x = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & d_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & d_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & d_3 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

Converting Degrees to Radians

Multiply degree measure by $\frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}}$

$$i^2 = -1$$
$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

Converting Radians to Degrees

Multiply radian measure by $\frac{180^{\circ}}{\pi}$

Absolute Value of a **Complex Number**

$$|a+bi| = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

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Introduction to Algebra II

Content of tests

The testing program titled the *Tennessee End of Course Assessment* was established to meet the Tennessee mandate for end of course assessments in Tennessee secondary schools. These tests measure the Tennessee State Performance Indicators. Subject areas covered by the end of course assessments include Mathematics, Language Arts, History, and Science.

Test development

For the *Tennessee End of Course Assessment*, a staff of writers – composed of both teachers and professional test developers experienced in each of the content areas – researched and wrote the items. Professional editors and content specialists carefully reviewed all items and test directions for content and accuracy. To provide a large pool of items for final test selection, the test developers created approximately twice as many items as were needed in the final editions of the tests.

After tryout tests were administered, student responses were analyzed. Professional content editors and researchers carefully reviewed items, their data, and test directions for content, suitability, and accuracy before including particular items and test directions in operational tests.

Test administration

Tennessee End of Course Assessments are given to students as they near the end of courses that are included in the program. Tests may be given midyear for block schedules or at the end of the school year.

This test contains 65 multiple-choice questions.

You will have ample time to read and answer each of the questions. The Algebra II test has been designed to be administered in one session and is not timed. The first 15 minutes are set aside to complete identifying data on the answer sheet.

Calculator use is optional. Sharing calculators during testing is not permitted.

The following types of calculators/devices may **NOT** be used during the test:

- pocket organizers
- electronic writing pads or input devices
- Some examples of prohibited calculators are:
 - o Casio models: CFX-9970G, Algebra FX 2.0
 - o Hewlett-Packard models: HP-40G, HP-49G
 - Texas Instruments models: TI-89, TI-92, Voyage 200, TI-NSPIRE the CAS version (The non-CAS version of TI-NSPIRE is allowable.)
- calculators that can communicate (transfer data or information) wirelessly with other student calculators/devices
- cell phones, PSPs, and/or iPods
- Students may use any four-function, scientific, or graphing calculator does not have any of the above features. The use of units that have a Computer Algebra System (CAS) is NOT allowed.

Tips for Taking the Test

Preparing for the test

- Review this Tennessee End of Course Item Sampler for Algebra I carefully and thoroughly.
- Acquire the Tennessee End of Course Practice Test for Algebra I, and take the test several times.
- Become familiar with the correct way to mark answers on the answer sheet. There is a sample answer sheet in this Practice Test.

Before the test

• Get a good night's sleep. To do your best, you need to be rested.

During the test

- Relax. It is normal to be somewhat nervous before the test. Try to relax and not worry.
- Listen. Listen to and read the test directions carefully. Ask for an explanation of the directions if you do not understand them.
- Plan your time. Do not spend too much time on any one question. If a question seems to take too long, skip it and return to it later. First answer all questions that you are sure about.
- Think. If you are not sure how to answer a question, read it again and try your best to answer the question. Rule out answer choices that you know are incorrect and choose from those that remain.

Directions for Using the Item Sampler

This Item Sampler for Algebra II provides specific information to students and teachers. It contains examples of different item types for each Performance Indicator that may be tested in any given end of course test administration. Performance Indicators have been grouped by Reporting Categories. These Reporting Categories will be used to report information regarding performance on the end of courts test to students, teachers, schools, and systems.

The items in this Item Sampler will not be found in the end of course tests. The number of items in this Item Sampler does not reflect the emphasis of content on the test. In order to identify the emphasis of content, the End of Course Assessment Practice Test for Algebra I should be used. The Practice Test gives a better representation of content emphasis across Reporting Categories and Performance Indicators.

An Answer Key is located in Page 20. Use it to check your answers. Review items that you get wrong.

Reporting Category:

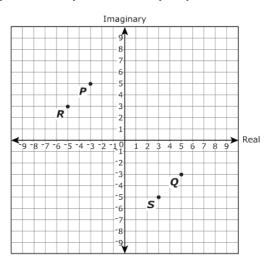
Number and Operations

Numbers 1 through 17

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.1 Describe any number in the complex number system.

1.

The grid below represents a complex plane.



Which point on the grid represents the complex number -3 + 5i?

- O A Point P
- B Point Q
- C Point R
- D Point S

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.1 Describe any number in the complex number system.

(2.

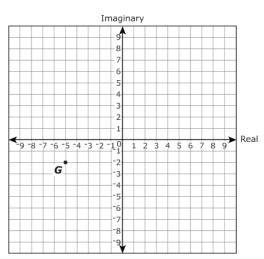
Which two complex numbers represent a pair of conjugates?

- \bigcirc **A** $(\sqrt{11}i + 2)$ and $(-\sqrt{11}i 2)$
- **B** $(-4 + \sqrt{17}i)$ and $(-4 \sqrt{17}i)$
- \circ **C** $(\sqrt{11}i + 2)$ and $(\sqrt{11}i 2)$
- **D** $(-4 + \sqrt{17}i)$ and $(4 + \sqrt{17}i)$

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.1 Describe any number in the complex number system.

3.

The grid below represents a complex plane.



What is the conjugate of the complex number represented by Point *G*?

- A 2 + 5i
- B 5 + 2i
- C -5 + 2i
- D 2 5i

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

4.

The sum of two complex numbers is -4 + 7i. If one of the complex numbers is 4 + 5i, what is the other number?

- A -8 + 2i
- B −8 + 12i
- C 8 2i
- D 8 + 12i

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

5.

Which expression is equivalent to (3 + 2i) + (-6 - 13i)?

- \bigcirc **A** 9 + 15*i*
- \bigcirc **B** 3 + 11*i*
- C -3 11i
- **D** -9 15*i*

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

6.

Which expression is equivalent to (6-2i)(2-3i)?

- A 6 + 22i
- **B** 18 + 22*i*
- **C** 18 22*i*
- **D** 6 22*i*

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

(7.

What is the standard form of the complex number $\frac{(2+3i)}{5i}$?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad -\frac{3}{5} \frac{2}{5}i$
- \bigcirc **B** $\frac{3}{5} \frac{2}{5}i$
- \circ **c** $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5}i$
- $0 \quad \mathbf{D} \quad -\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5}i$

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

8.

Which expression is equivalent to $\left(7 - \frac{5}{3}i\right)\left(-7i + \frac{5}{3}\right)$?

- **A** $-\frac{466}{9}i$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \frac{70}{3} + \frac{466}{9}i$
- \circ **c** $\frac{70}{3} \frac{466}{9}i$
- O **D** $\frac{466}{9}i$

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

9.

Simplify: $\left(\frac{1+6i}{1-4i}\right)\left(\frac{-5i}{1+4i}\right)$

- \circ **A** $\frac{6-i}{3}$
- **B** $\frac{6+i}{3}$
- \circ **c** $\frac{30-5i}{17}$
- \circ **D** $\frac{30+5i}{17}$

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.

(10.

What value of x makes this equation true?

$$-9(x+5)^{\frac{8}{3}}=-59,049$$

- A 17
- O B 22
- **C** 27
- D 32

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.

(11.)

What value of x makes this equation true?

$$8(x+10)^{\frac{9}{2}}=2,097,152$$

- A 16
- B 6
- **c** ₋₆
- **D** -16

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.

(12.

What values of x make this equation true?

$$-(x-2)^2-2=7$$

- B −5, 1
- \circ **C** 2 + 3*i*, 2 3*i*
- \bigcirc **D** -2 + 3i, -2 3i

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.



After attending a wedding, Joshua drives home due south and Don drives due west. When Joshua has traveled 24 miles, the distance between him and Don is four miles more than three times the distance traveled by Don. What is the distance between Joshua and Don at this time?

- A 17 miles
- B 25 miles
- C 26 miles
- **D** 34 miles

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.



What are the imaginary zeros of the function $V(t) = 2t^4 - 3t^3 + 9t^2 - 12t + 4$?

- \bigcirc **A** $t = \pm 2i$
- **B** $t = \pm 4i$
- \bigcirc **C** $t = \pm \sqrt{2}i$

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.

(15.

What values of \boldsymbol{x} make this equation true?

$$\frac{-x}{x^2+2x-3}+\frac{5}{x+3}=1$$

- \bigcirc **A** -1 + 2i, -1 2i
- B −1 + i, −1 − i
- \bigcirc **C** 1 + *i*, 1 *i*
- \bigcirc **D** 1 + 2*i*, 1 2*i*

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.

(16.

Josh is growing a bacteria culture in a petri dish. Initially, the population was 158 bacteria per square centimeter. If the population triples every six hours, when will the population reach 38,394 bacteria per square centimeter?

- A 24 hours
- B 30 hours
- C 36 hours
- D 42 hours

Algebra II Item Sampler

Performance Indicator: 3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.



What values of x make this equation true?

$$(2x+6)^2+64=0$$

- A -7, 1
- B −1, 7
- \circ **C** -3 + 4i, -3 4i
- \bigcirc **D** 3 + 4*i*, 3 4*i*

Reporting Category 2: Number and Operations		
Item Number	Correct Answer	Performance Indicator
1	A	3103.2.1 Describe any number in the complex number system.
2	В	3103.2.1 Describe any number in the complex number system.
3	C	3103.2.1 Describe any number in the complex number system.
4	A	3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.
5	C	3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.
6	D	3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.
7	В	3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.

8	A	3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.
9	C	3103.2.2 Compute with all real and complex numbers.
10	В	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.
11	В	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.
12	С	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.
13	В	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.

14	A	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.
15	С	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.
16	В	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.
17	С	3103.2.3 Use the number system, from real to complex, to solve equations and contextual problems.